though he had destroyed a whole world, and whosoever rescues a single soul from the children of man, Scripture credits him as though he had saved a whole world. (And fa single man only was first created] for the sake of peace in the human race,10 that no man might say to his fellow, 'My ancestor was greater than thy ancestor', and that the heretics should not say, "There are many powers" in heaven', and Jonly one human being was first created to proclaim the greatness of the Holy One, blessed he He, for man stamps many coins with one die and they are all alike one with the other, but the King of the kings of kings the Holy One, blessed be He, has stamped all mankind with the die of the first man and yet not one of them is like to his tellow. Therefore every one is in duty bound to say, 'For my sake was the universe created'12). And if perchance you would say, Why should we have to bear all this annoyance?'13 and was it not already said, 14 (and) he being a witness, whether he hath seen or known, if he do not15 utter it, etc. 16* And perhaps you might say, 'Why should we be guilty of this man's blood?'-and was it not already said,17 when the wicked perish18 there is iov. 19

יווף אדם, מעלה עליו הכתוב י זיייור קיים עולם מלאי (ומפני ווו ייהבריות, שלא יאמר אַרָם ה'ווו ייהבריות, יותוד אבא גדול מאַביד, ושׁלא וו מינין אוֹמְרִים הַרְבֵּה ייְרְשׁוּיוֹת ת של הקרוש ברולתו של הקרוש ungen ווון הוא שאָרַם טוֹבֶעַ כַּמָּה מתכעות בחו**תם אחד וכולן דומין** וו יְיֹנֵה, וּמֵלֶךְ מַלְבֵי הַמִּלְכִים הקווש ברוך הוא טבע כל־אַדַם בוותמוֹ שֵׁל אַדָ**ם הַרָאשוֹן וְאֵין אַחָד** יוון דוֹמָה לַחַבְרוֹי לִפִּיכַדְּ כַּלֹּד אווד ואַחַד חַיֵּיב לוֹמֵר בְּשָׁבִיל ושמא תאמרו וורא ייהַעוֹלֻם)יּ וורא ייהַעוֹלַם. מה־לַנוּ ייוַלְצַּרָה הַוֹאת, וַהַלֹא כְבַר יואמר והוא עד או ראה או ידע אם־יילא יגיד ייינוֹיי ושׁמַא תֹאמרוּ מה־לַנוּ לַחוֹב בָּדַמוֹ שֵׁל וֵה? וַהַלֹא יבאַבוֹד ניַּבּ יינאַמַר^{זי} יי רַנַּהיי וגומר *

1 Literally do they exhort; i.e., admonish and warn to give truthful evidence. 2 i.e., repetition of witnesses' evidence before another court. 3 i.e., otherwise they would not have come with unreliable evidence. 4 Literally are hanging on to him. 5 i.e., if through wrong evidence a human being was executed the one who gave that evidence was likened to one who had committed a murder, and through that act had prevented the birth of countless generations. 6 Genesis 4, 10.

vacancy occurred. 4 The remaining judges moved up to the head, and the newcomer took the last seat. 5 Those in the second row moved up to the head, and the newly appointed one took the last seat. 6 He took the last place in the second row, the others moving up to the head. 7 To fill up the vacancy. 8 i.e., as in the former cases, they moved up to the head of the row leaving the last seat to the man newly chosen.

Alishnah 5

How did they exhort1 the witnesses in capital cases? They brought them in and admonished them. 'Perhaps you will state what is supposition, or rumour, [or] evidence from other witnesses,2 or Iyou will "We heard it from (the mouth of) a trustworthy person", or perchance you were not aware that we would test you by enquiry and examination;3 you must know that capital cases are not as cases concerning property-in cases concerning property a man may pay money and make atonement, but in capital cases his [that is, the executed person's] blood and the blood of his [eventual] posterity lie at his door4 to the end of the world,5 for thus have we found in the case of Cain who slew his brother, as it is said,6 thy brother's blood crieth7—it does not say thy brother's blood but thy brother's bloods, [thus indicating both] his blood and the blood of his succeeding generations'. (Another⁸ rendering is, thy brother's blood—because his blood was spattered over the trees and over the stones.) Therefore was a single man only [first] created to teach thee that if anyone destroy a single soul from the children of man, Scripture charges him as

בִּיצַד ימָאַיִימִין אָת־הָעֵדִים עַל עָּדִי נָפָשוֹתוּ? הָיוּ מַכִנִיסִין אוֹתֵן וּמָאַיִּימִין שֶׁמָא תֹאמָרוּ מֵאוּמַד, אַלֵיהֶם, ומשמועה, יעד מפי עד ומפי אַדַם נָאָמָן שַׁמַענוּ, אוֹ שֵׁמָא אִי אַתָּם יוֹדְעִין שָׁסּוֹפֵינוּ לְבִדּוֹק אָתְבֶם בַּדְרִישָׁה יובַחַקירָה, הַווּ יוֹדְעִין שֵׁלֹא כִדִינֵי מַמוֹנוֹת דִינֵי נָפַשׁוֹת, דִינֵי מַמוֹנוֹת אַדַם נוֹתָן מַמוֹן וּמְתַכַּפָּר לוֹ, דִינֵי נָפַשׁוֹת דַמוֹ וָדַם * זַרְעִיוֹתֵיו תְּלוּיִן יבוֹ עַד סוֹף יהָעוֹלָם, שַׁכֵּן מָאָינוּ יַּ בַּקַין שֶׁהַרַג אָת־אָחִיו, ישׁנָּאַמַר, דּמֵי אָחֶיף צוֹעַקִים, אַינוֹ אוֹמֶר דַם אַחָיף אַלָּא דָמֶי אָחָיךָ, דַּמוֹ וְדַם זַרְעִיּוֹתַיוּ יֹ(דַבַר אַחָר דָמֶי אַחִידּ, שָׁהַיָה דַמוֹ ימוּשֶׁלָדְ עַל הָעָצִים וַעַל הָאַבָּנִים יּמוּשֶׁלָדְ לְפִיכֶךְ נְבָרָא אָדָם יִחִידִי לְלַמְּדַךְּ שֶׁכָּל הַמְּאַבֵּד נֶפָשׁ אַחַת מִבְּנֵי אַדַם, מַעֵּלֶה עַלַיו הַכַּתוּב כָּאִילוּ אִיבֵּד עוֹלָם מַלֵא, וְכָל־הַמְּקַיֵּים נַפְשׁ אַחַת

מִשְׁנָה ה